How to Disclose Disability to an Employer

	Guideline	Example
1.	Be optimistic; focus on your job qualifications.	Cover letter: "As an individual with a lifelong physical and speech disability, I learned early on to focus on my intellectual abilities and to develop strengths within my limits. For example, I received my first computer when I was 5 years old and learned to operate it independently. Today, I am proficient in many software applications and operating systems and in system troubleshooting."
2.	Stress current involvement in a positive activity that shows your ability to manage your disability.	Resume: "Member of the American Blind Skiing Foundation"
3.	Give the employer information on what he or she needs to do or provide regarding communication, directions, or supervision.	Telephone call prior to the interview: "I am calling to confirm my interview scheduled at your company in 2 days. Could you please tell me where to find your office's accessible entrance?"
4.	Educate the employer by articulating or demonstrating how you can perform the essential functions of the job. Have resource information available for the employer.	During the interview: "Have you ever heard of a screen reader? I have a learning disability and have difficulty reading in the traditional way. However, when I hear written words the information makes so much sense. My screen reader has enabled me to succeed at college, and I know it will be useful on this job."
5.	Face employer concerns by talking about your compensatory strategies or accommodation solutions.	During the interview: "You may be wondering how I can type letters with my physical disability. I have a great software program that allows the computer to type as I speak words. It can be loaded onto most computers. I would be happy to show it to you sometime."
6.	Explain the benefits of your disability regarding your personal growth or perseverance.	During the interview: "After experiencing a brain injury, I learned the value of connecting with professionals. I can be resourceful and creative to get a job done."
7.	Use general, functional terms to briefly explain the impact of your disability on the job; avoid technical, medical diagnoses	After the job offer: "During the interview, you explained that work was generally assigned at a staff meeting. I find that I work best when instructions are both written and verbal. I have a disorder that makes processing verbal information a challenge. Could you accommodate me in this way?"
8.	In a private setting, remind your employer about your right to confidentiality.	After the job is accepted: "Thank you in advance for keeping this information confidential."
9.	Frame the disclosure around how you work best.	A few weeks on the job: "I have noticed that I am having a difficult time completing my work assignments. I have a medical condition that requires frequent breaks in order to do my work. Would you allow me to work later to enable me to take more breaks? I always get the job done when I manage my schedule in this way."

