

A Teacher's Guide to Progress Monitoring

Learn how to:

- Monitor student progress toward academic, behavioral/social, and functional goals
- Create clear, easy-to-read graphs of your data
 Analyze data to make the best, most informed instructional decisions
- instructional decisions

 Select evidence-based practices to accelerate your students' progress

And more!

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Social Distancing to Self-Determination

- · Children are home; parents are mediating education
- Online learning may not "fit" the needs of
 Young children
 Individuals with some disabilities
- Restrictions due to the pandemic add to
- Anxiety
- Feeling out-of-control
 Sense of confusion
- Helping children take charge of each day by setting and working toward a goal could help relieve anxiety and increase productivity
 – in both students and adults!

Self-Determination: What and Why

- Skills & traits that lead to more independent living (Wehmeyer, 2015)
- "Academic enablers" that support success (Gresham, 2015)
- Low SD → poor future outcomes
- Learned helplessness (Shogren et al., 2017; Sands & Doll, 1996)
 Poor money management (Wehmeyer, 1994)
- · Limited social contact (Wehmeyer & Abery, 2013)
- Benefits include

 - Improved career & employment options
 Increased community engagement and social skills
 Wehmeyer, Shogren & Seo, 2015
 Increased motivation and satisfaction with work or life choices (Shogren et al., 2017; Pelletier & Joussemen, 2017; Rowe et al., 2015)



What stops children from developing SD?

Faster/easier for adults to do it

Adults feeling needed

Kindness/good intentions

Low expectations

No opportunity to practice skills

Building SD: Evidence-Based Practices

• Young children

- Choice making & self-regulation of feelings/reactions (Palmer et al., 2013)
- Problem solving (Tensfeldt, Verroux & Mahdavi, 2018)

Individuals with Intellectual Disability
Set appropriate goals (Kleinert et al., 2014)

- Set appropriate goals (Kennert et al., 2014)
 Monitoring of self-set goals (Wehmeyer et al., 2013)
- Progress monitoring of behavior change (Clouse & Bauer, 2016)
- Students with learning or emotional/behavioral disorders
- Improve reading ability (Bruhn & Watt, 2012) and vocabulary (Kim et al., 2018)
 Increase on-task behavior (Verrall, 2012)
- Develop social skills (Peterson et al., 2006)





Choice-making & Goal-setting: Considerations

- Help the child understand the range of possible options
 Ice cream for breakfast is probably NOT a legitimate choice
 Long lists of school assignments may be overwhelming
- Work with the child to identify his/her strengths as foundation for goal choices
 - Run around the block vs. run a 5K vs. run a marathon
- Give child ownership/agency in the discussion
- $\ensuremath{\cdot}$ Use explicit instruction to teach and practice SD skills
 - I do- We do- You do
 - · Set goals/make choices along with the child

Webinar Objectives Revisited

- Define self-determination (SD) and discuss how goal setting & choice-making supports its development
- Review evidence-based practices to support goal setting for individuals of diverse abilities and age ranges
- Design procedures to teach children with or without disabilities to set their own goals/ make choices
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